RK JUDICIAL ACADEMY

Institute for Judicial Services Exam

Hyderabad

www.rkjudicialacademy.com I Mob:9052439463I rkjudicialacademy@gmail.com

GRAND TEST-02

MAINS EXAMINATION

PAPER-II:CRIMINAL LAWS

TIME: 10:00AM-1:00PM **MARKS:100**

Instructions:

1) Attempt all the questions compulsorily
2) All questions carry Equal Marks
3) Write the answers as orders of the questions
4) Strict your answer to the Question only
5) Write your Answers in 300 words only

QUESTION PAPER

1 A. Explain the term "unlawful association" as defined in the UAPA

B. Discuss the provisions of the UAPA related to the detention of individuals suspected of terrorist activities.

2 A. Explain the procedure for recording a child's statement under the Act

B. What constitutes "sexual harassment" under the POCSO Act?

C. Explain the difference between "trafficking" and "prostitution" as defined under the act.

3 A. The plaintiff bank paid cash over the counter on a crossed cheque on which the defendant had forged the payee's endorsement. Can they claim return of the money by contending that it was paid by mistake?

B. What is forgery? What are the effect of forged endorsement on a negotiable instrument?

RK JUDICIAL ACADEMY

4 A. Discuss the circumstances in which a bill of exchange is said to be dishonoured. What are the consequences of such dishonour?

B. Enumerate the situations when leading questions can be asked during Examination-in-chief and Re-examination. Also point out when it is not allowed during cross-examination.

5 A. Explain as to how the credit of a witness be impeached by the adverse party?

B. Who is an accomplice? Describe the relevancy of the evidence of an accomplice. Support your answer with the help of statutory provisions also.

6 A. What do you understand by 'Privileged Communications'? Answer with the aid of suitable illustrations

B. Can a police officer during investigation seize any property without the permission from the court? Describe the procedure to be followed by the officer after seizure of such property.

7 A. Enumerate the coercive steps a Metropolitan Magistrate can take to ensure the presence of a witness or accused during the criminal trial. How should he proceed if despite coercive steps, accused does not appear to face the trial.

B. State to whom a warrant of arrest may be directed. Whether such a warrant may be directed to a person? Explain the circumstances and the law in this regard.

8. A. Under what circumstances police may arrest any person without warrant? Explain

B. Explain the difference between house breaking & lurking house trespass

9 A. Distinguish between: Cheating and misappropriation.

B. Distinguish between "Dishonest misappropriation of property" and "criminal breach of trust."

10 A. Discuss the law relating to "Rape" as laid down in the Indian Penal Code. Also point out the deficiency of the Rape laws in India

B. Define 'kidnapping' and 'abduction' and distinguish between them

****

RK JUDICIAL ACADEMY